



veradermics

Study ‘207’

Phase 2 Topline Open Label Data
in Females with Mild-to-Moderate Pattern Hair Loss

July 2026

MANE Speakers



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agenda

- 1 Opening Remarks
- 2 Study '207' results
- 3 KOL Discussion
- 4 VDPHL01 Commercial Opportunity
- 5 Closing Remarks
- 6 Q&A

Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. All statements other than historical factual information are forward-looking statements, including without limitation statements regarding our product development activities for VDPHL01 and ongoing clinical trials; the ability of clinical trials to demonstrate safety and efficacy of VDPHL01; the beneficial characteristics, and the potential safety, efficacy and therapeutic effects of VDPHL01; our ability to pursue and execute our strategy for our indications, business, programs and technology; the timing of and our ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approval of our product candidates; our ability to compete with companies currently selling, marketing or engaged in the development of treatments for diseases that our product candidates are designed to target, including pattern hair loss (PHL); our estimates regarding the size and growth potential of the commercial opportunity for VDPHL01 and our current product candidates or other product candidates we may identify and pursue, and our ability to serve those markets; objectives for future operations and other estimates contained herein.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as “may,” “will,” “shall,” “should,” “expect,” “plan,” “anticipate,” “could,” “intend,” “target,” “project,” “contemplate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “predict,” “potential” or “continue” or the negative of these words or other similar expressions that concern our expectations, strategy, plans or intentions, although not all forward-looking statements are accompanied by such words. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and assessments made by our management in light of their experience and perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors they believe to be appropriate, and speak only as of the date of this presentation.

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Market data and industry information used throughout this presentation are based on management’s knowledge of the industry and the good faith estimates of management. We also relied, to the extent available, upon management’s review of independent industry surveys and publications and other publicly available information prepared by a number of third-party sources. All of the market data and industry information used in this presentation involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. Although we believe that these sources are reliable as of their respective dates, we cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this information, and we have not independently verified this information. Projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the industry in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors. These and other factors could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in our estimates and beliefs and in the estimates prepared by independent parties.

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This presentation discusses potential future product candidates that are investigational only and have not yet been approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. No representation is made as to the safety or effectiveness of these potential future product candidates for the use for which such potential future product candidates are being studied.

Study '207' achieved endpoints supporting upcoming Phase 2/3 readout

- First positive Phase 2 outcome for an oral PHL treatment in females in the U.S.
- Increases conviction in upcoming Study '306' Phase 2/3 registration-directed female PHL readout (anticipated 1H27)
- Supports potential for VDPHL01 to address large, 30M patient female pattern hair loss market
- Positions VDPHL01 to become the first and only FDA approved oral treatment for female PHL

Positive efficacy signals on both TAHC and PRO

High rate of consistency across efficacy endpoints

Rapid onset of hair growth

63.2% of participants reported improvement in hair coverage as early as Month 2

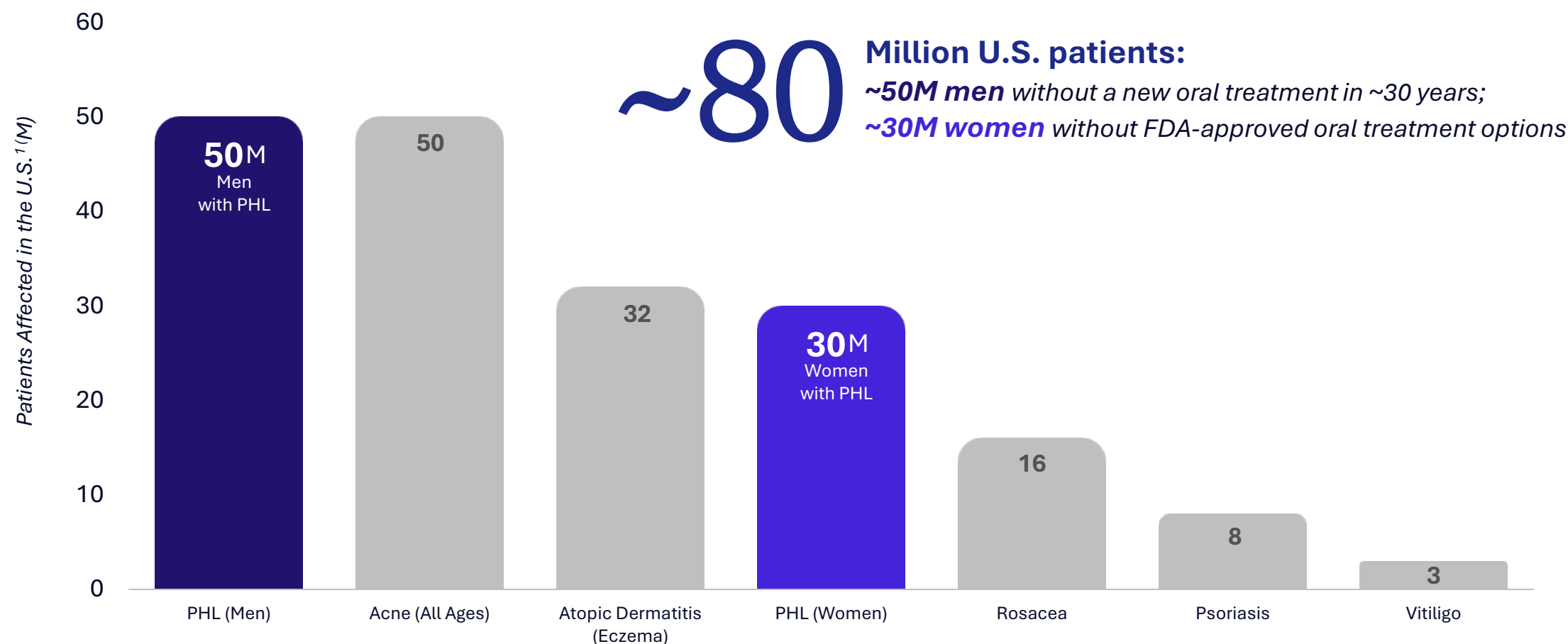
Positive and consistent treatment effect

High rate of PRO and IGA response punctuates consistency of response

Generally well-tolerated

Safety profile consistent with prior VDPHL01 trials

Pattern hair loss impacts ~80 million people in the U.S.¹



¹American Academy of Dermatology. (n.d.). Skin conditions by the numbers. <https://www.aad.org/media/stats/conditions/hair-loss>

Female pattern hair loss patients are impacted by current treatment gap and are seeking better options

High Unmet Need

30M women in the U.S. with PHL with **no oral FDA-approved treatment options**

Impacted Quality of Life

Patient surveys indicate **women experience a greater impact on QOL than males** with PHL ¹

Actively Seeking Treatment

Females are more likely to seek treatment; lack of awareness of Rx options is a primary driver of OTC usage²

High Treatment Cycling

86% of topical minoxidil users discontinue treatment³

¹Hwang HW, Ryou S, Jeong JH, Lee JW, Lee KJ, Lee SB, Shin HT, Byun JW, Shin J, Choi GS. The Quality of Life and Psychosocial Impact on Female Pattern Hair Loss. Ann Dermatol. 2024 Feb;36(1):44-52. doi: 10.5021/ad.23.082. PMID: 38325433; PMCID: PMC10861302.

²ClearView Analysis 2026.

³<https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC10149432/#CR5> – Minoxidil compliance and satisfaction

VDPHL01's proprietary extended-release technology was designed to optimize efficacy and safety

First and only minoxidil extended-release tablet and **only oral minoxidil tablet** positioned for potential approval for the treatment of PHL



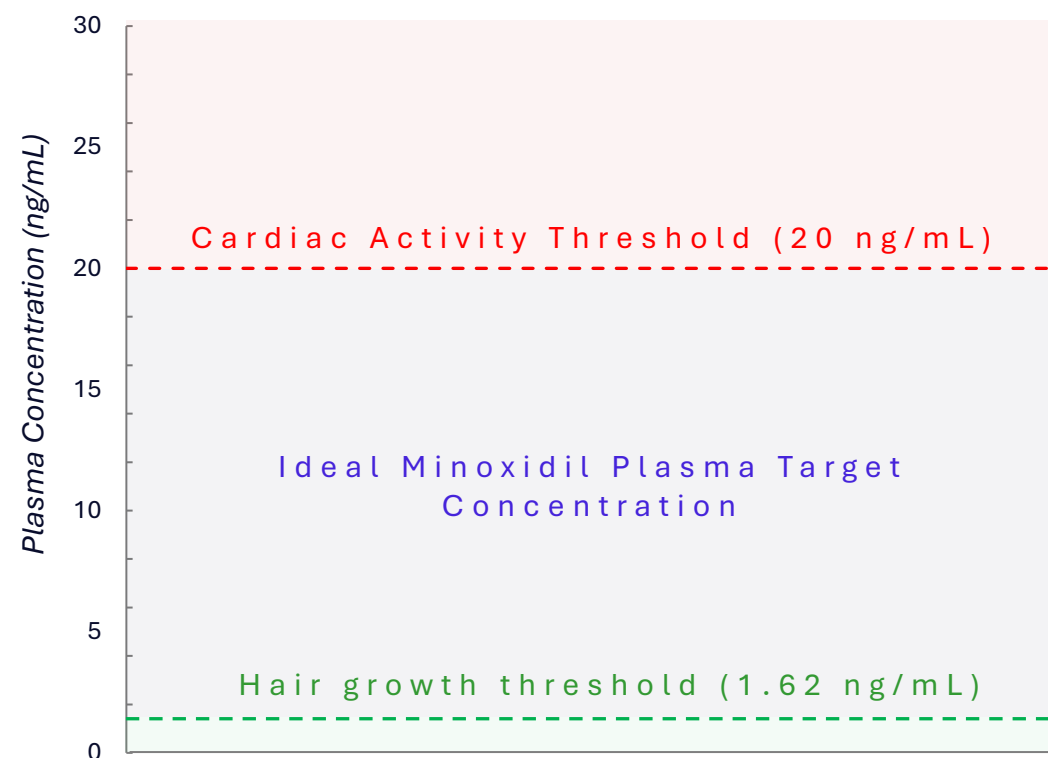
10x difference between minoxidil hair growth threshold and minoxidil cardiac activity threshold



Blunted maximum observed concentration (C_{max}) below FDA recognized cardiac activity threshold achieved by extended release is designed to avoid cardiac adverse effects compared to immediate release

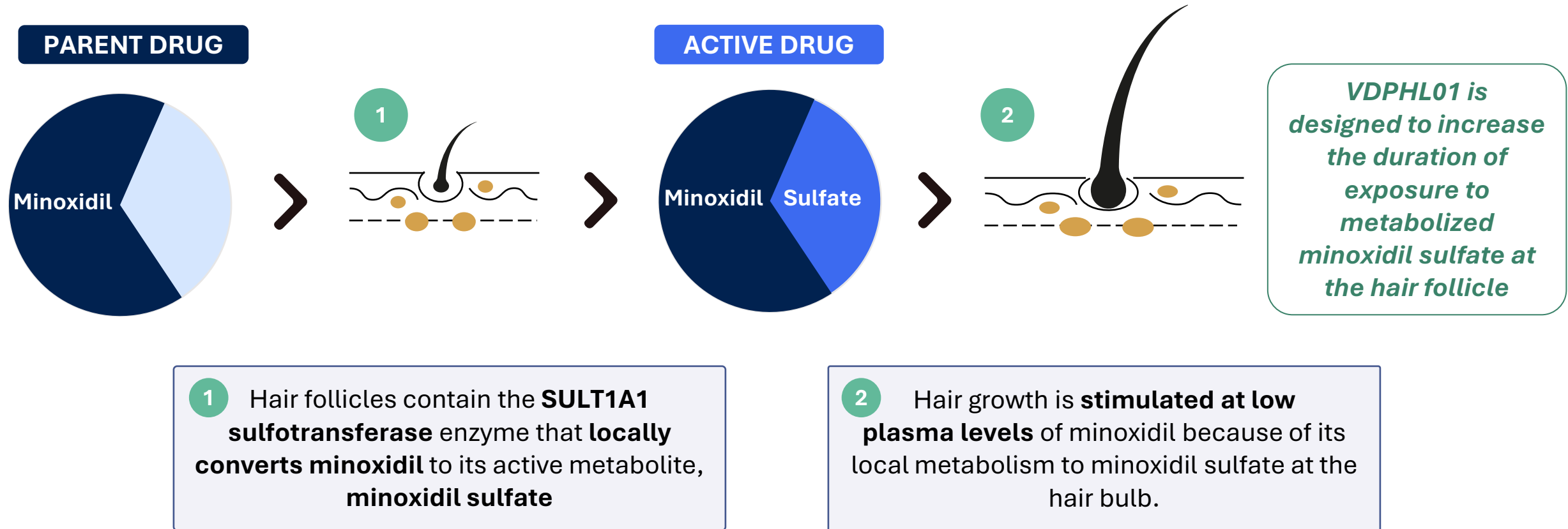


VDPHL01 is designed to deliver nearly **twice the total amount of minoxidil** over 12h and maintains concentrations above the hair growth threshold **twice as long** vs. a 2.5 mg IR tablet*



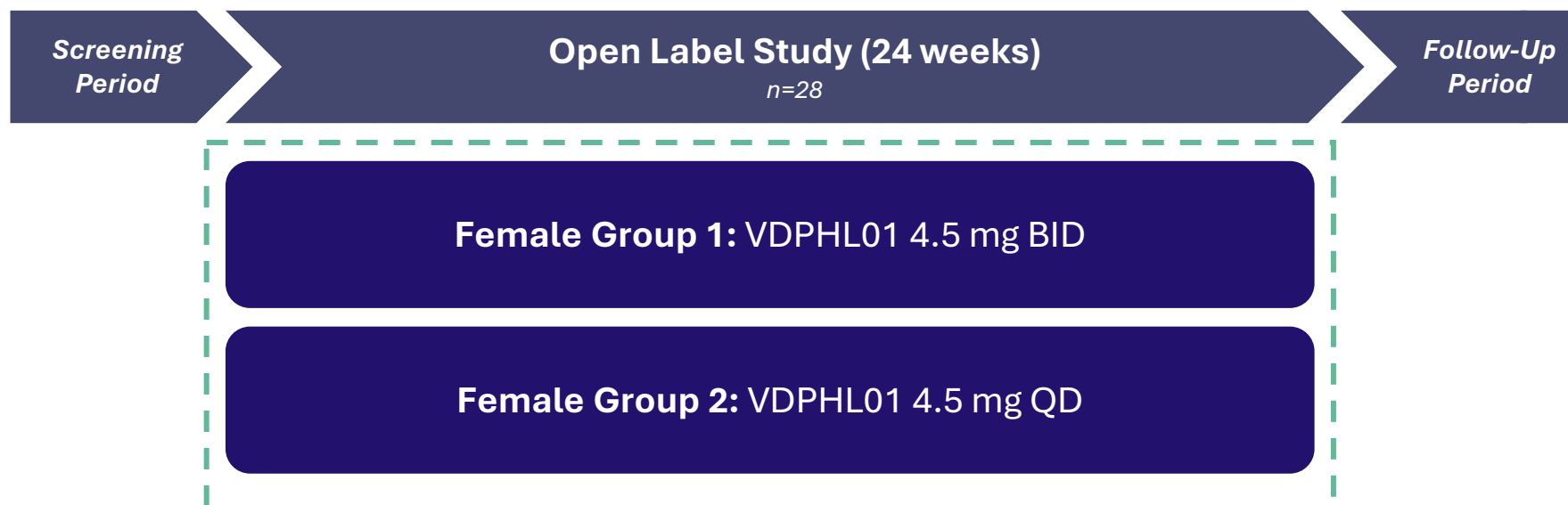
*As per pharmacokinetics data from average plasma concentrations for male patients (n=10) from Study QSC300720 evaluating males taking VDPHL01 8.5mg and minoxidil 2.5 mg IR

Minoxidil mechanism of action is capacity-limited and time dependent



VDPHL01 is designed to optimize the *consistency* and *duration* of exposure to active minoxidil sulfate

Study '207' in females: Phase 2 open-label study



Primary Objective:

Obtain proof of concept for safety and efficacy of VDPHL01 administered in male and female participants with PHL

QD: Daily Dosing TAHC: Target Area Hair Count
BID: 2x/day Dosing PRO: Proprietary patient reported outcomes (PRO) scale designed for the VDPHL01 clinical trials

* List of other efficacy endpoints is not exhaustive but is representative of co-primary endpoints in registration-directed studies evaluating VDPHL01 in males and females

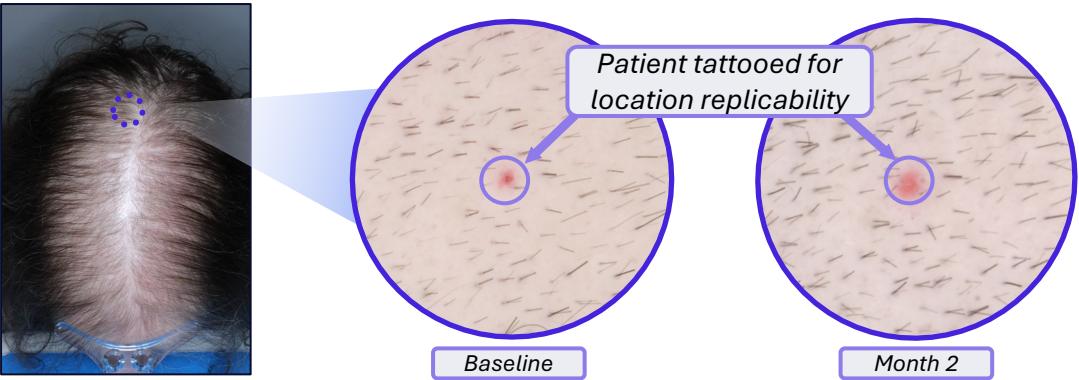


Key Efficacy Endpoints*:

- Changes from baseline in non-vellus TAHC using digital image analysis at Month 6
- Proportion of participants who achieve treatment benefit, defined as a PRO response of “Improved” or “Much Improved” at Month 6

Study '207' clinical trial endpoints

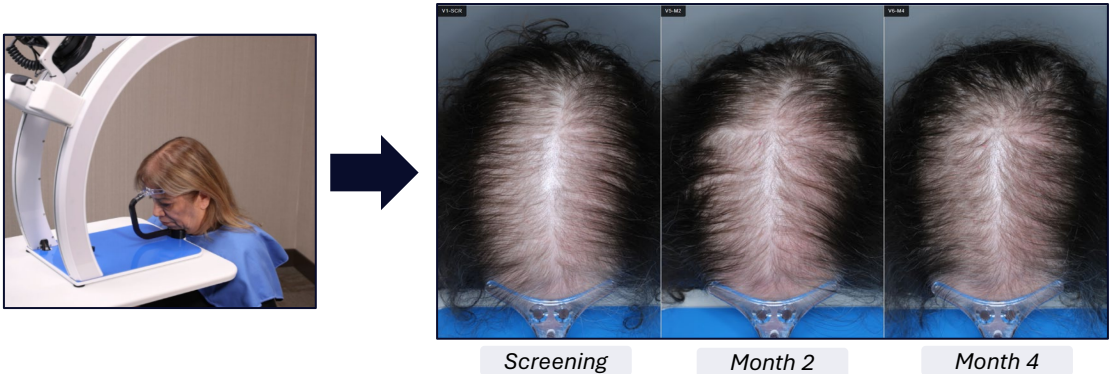
Target area hair count (TAHC)



TAHC endpoint leverages the only measurement methodology used for FDA approval in PHL since 1997

- Digital analysis lines up consecutive images to ensure the same location is captured.
- Hairs $\geq 30 \mu\text{m}$ in diameter are counted as being non-vellus.
- Digital analysis algorithm discerns both increases in number and thickness of hairs.
- Accuracy of analysis is ensured by utilizing counts from 2 separate technicians.

Patient-reported outcome (PRO)



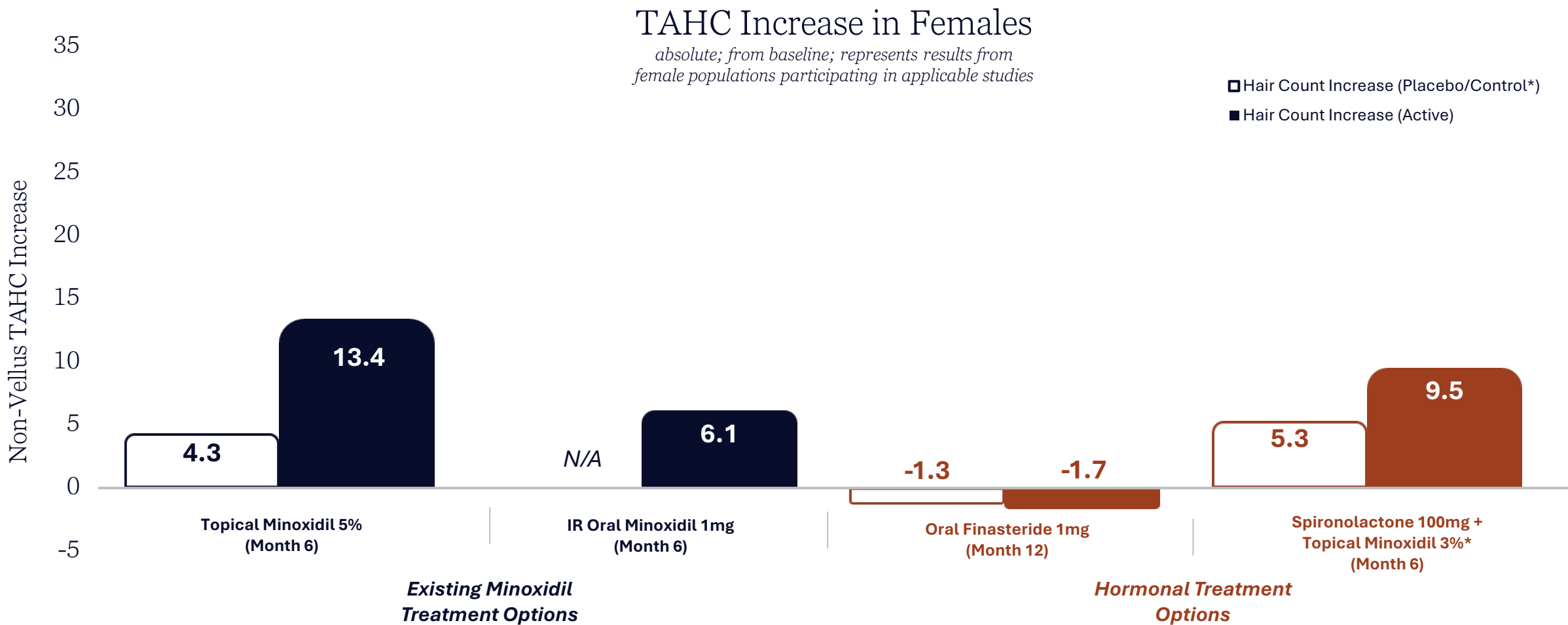
PRO endpoint is evaluated using the **Androgenetic Alopecia Impact Rating Score (AAIRS)**

- All photography is standardized and undergoes quality control to ensure consistent imagery and parting
- Patients are shown full-size photographs at baseline and evaluated time points to directly assess changes to the severity of their PHL on a 7-point scale from 'Much Worsened' to 'Much Improved'

AAIRS 7-Point Scale	
3	MUCH IMPROVED
2	IMPROVED
1	A LITTLE IMPROVED
0	NO CHANGE
-1	A LITTLE WORSE
-2	WORSE
-3	MUCH WORSE

*Efficacy endpoint

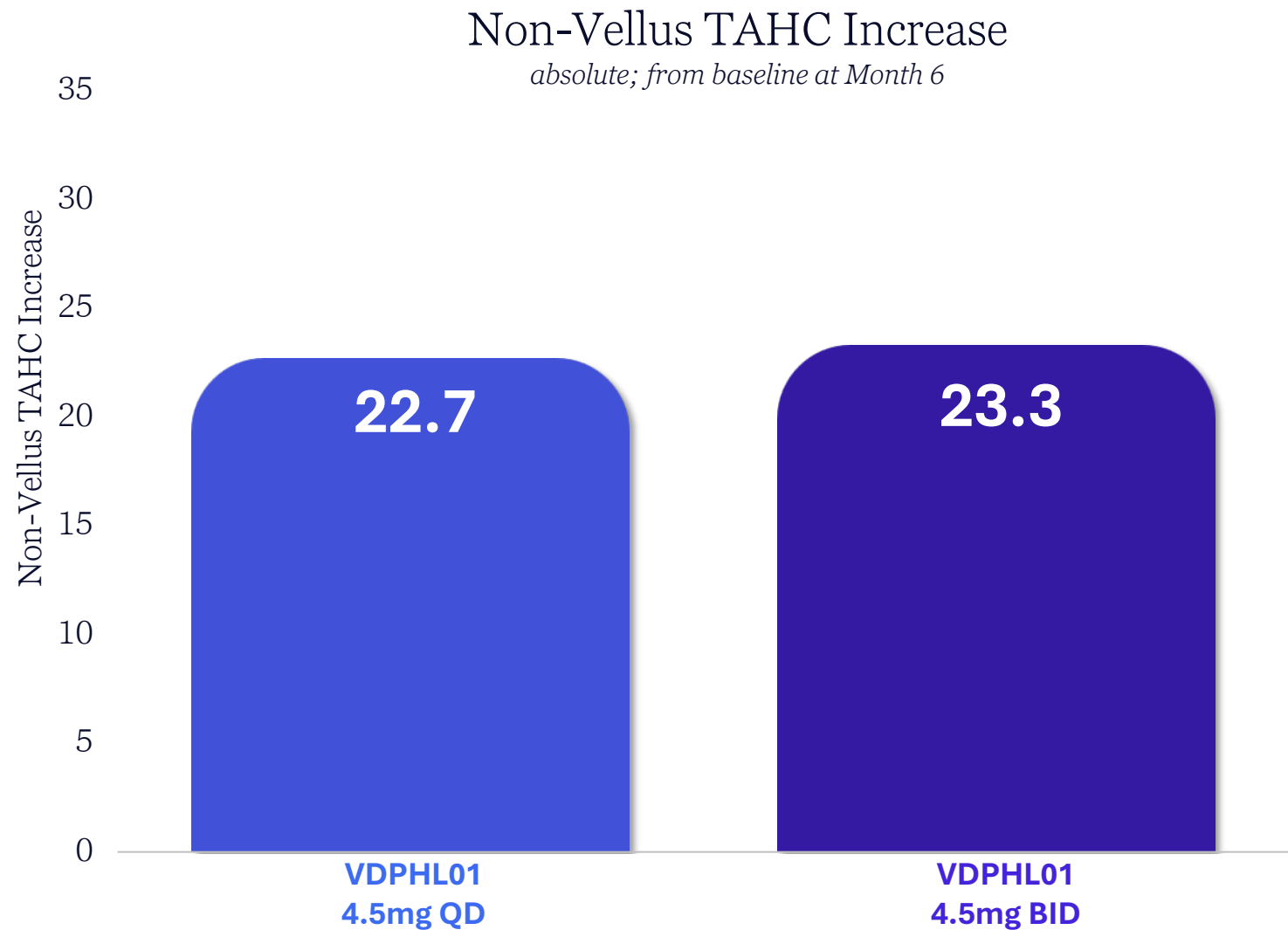
Existing studies of treatment options for female PHL show modest hair count changes



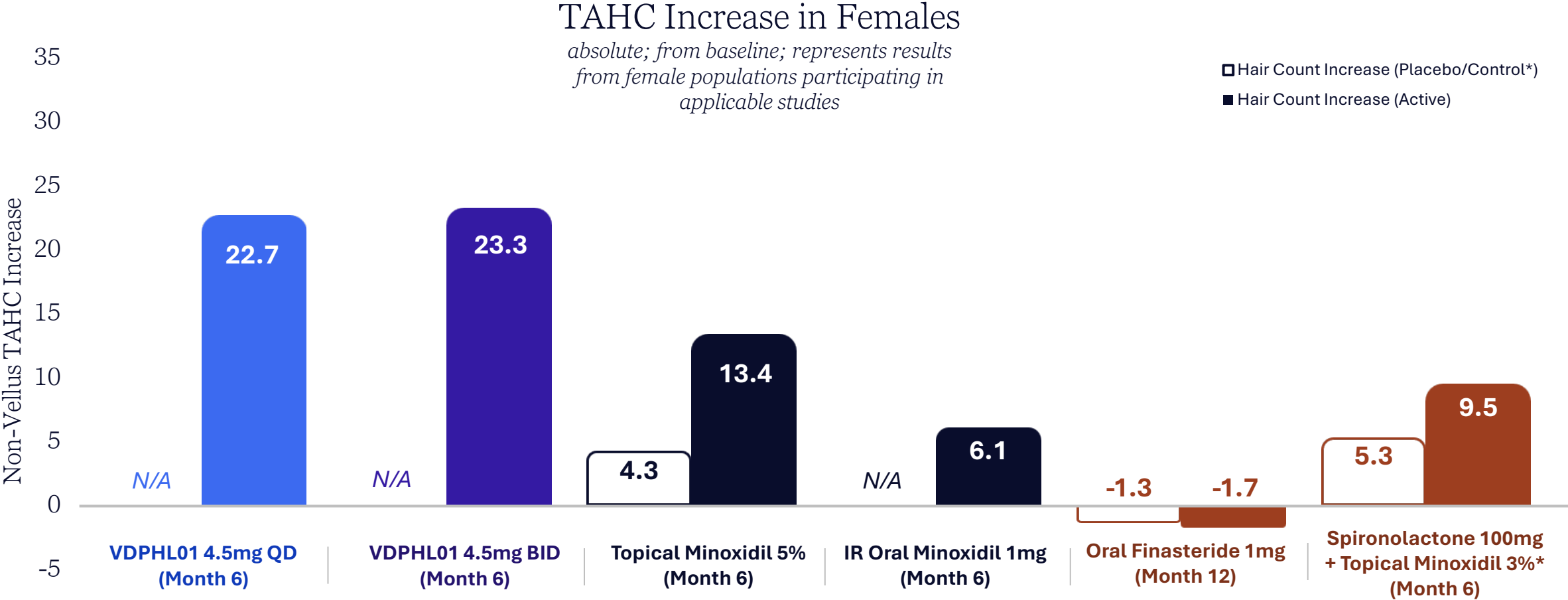
Topical minoxidil 5% female data from Bergfeld (2016). Oral finasteride female data is from Price (2000). IR Oral Minoxidil female data is from Ramos (2020). Oral Spironolactone female data is from Werachattawatchai et al. (2025).

*Spironolactone + topical minoxidil 3% female data was evaluated against topical minoxidil 3% female control arm, not placebo, and did not demonstrate statistically significant benefit.

Both female doses in Study ‘207’ showed objective improvements in Target Area Hair Count (TAHC) at Month 6

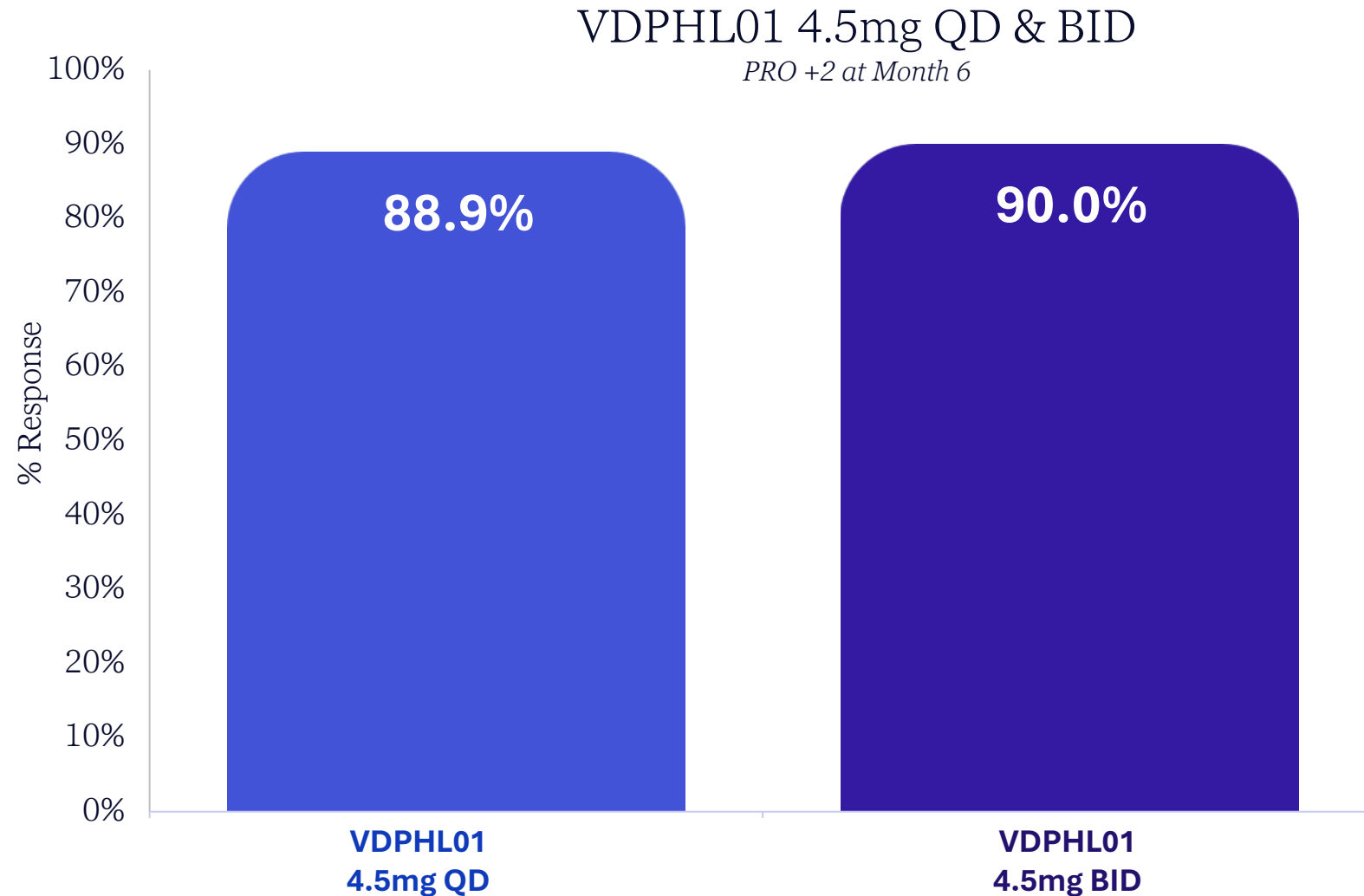


VDPHL01 has the potential to set a new bar for female pattern hair loss treatments



VDPHL01 Data are presented from female study arms of Study '207'. Topical minoxidil 5% female data from Bergfeld (2016). Oral finasteride female data is from Price (2000). IR Oral Minoxidil female data is from Ramos (2020). Oral Spironolactone female data is from Werachattawatchai et al. (2025).
*Spironolactone + topical minoxidil 3% female data was evaluated against topical minoxidil 3% female control arm, not placebo, and did not demonstrate statistically significant benefit.
Note: No head-to-head studies comparing VDPHL01 to finasteride or other forms of minoxidil have been conducted. The results of this retrospective post hoc cross-trial comparison may not be directly comparable. Differences exist between trial designs and participant characteristics, and caution should be exercised when comparing data across unrelated studies.

PRO: both female doses in Study '207' demonstrated positive patient reported outcomes



AAIRS 7-Point Scale

3 = MUCH IMPROVED

2 = IMPROVED

1 = A LITTLE IMPROVED

0 = NO CHANGE

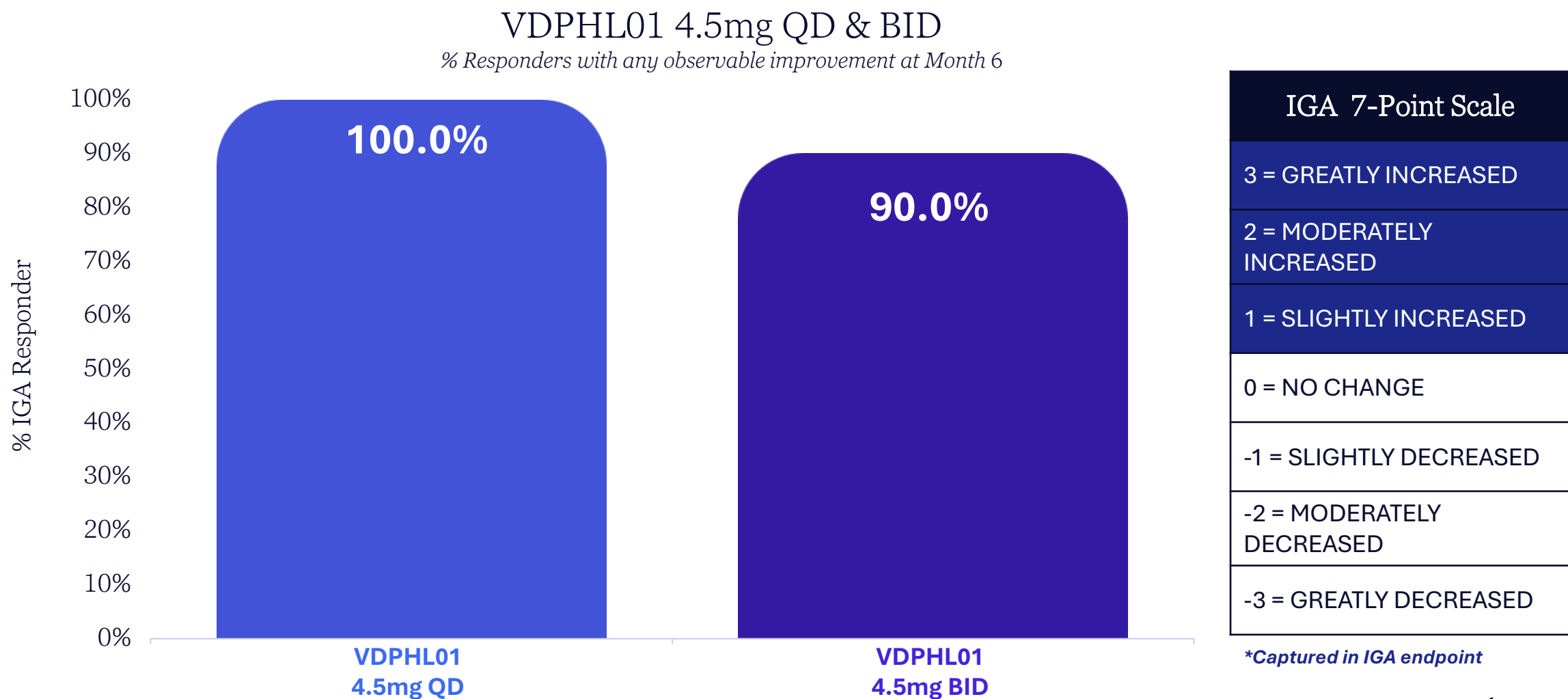
-1 = A LITTLE WORSE

-2 = WORSE

-3 = MUCH WORSE

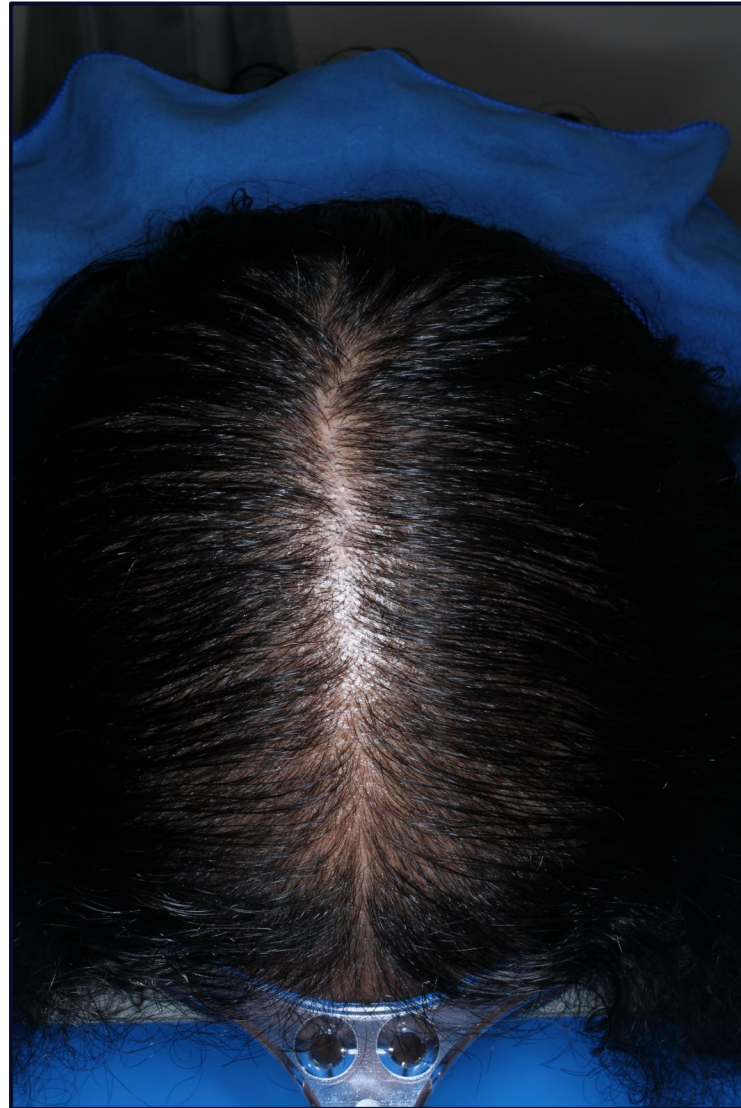
**Efficacy endpoint*

Investigator global assessment underscored consistency of response in female participants

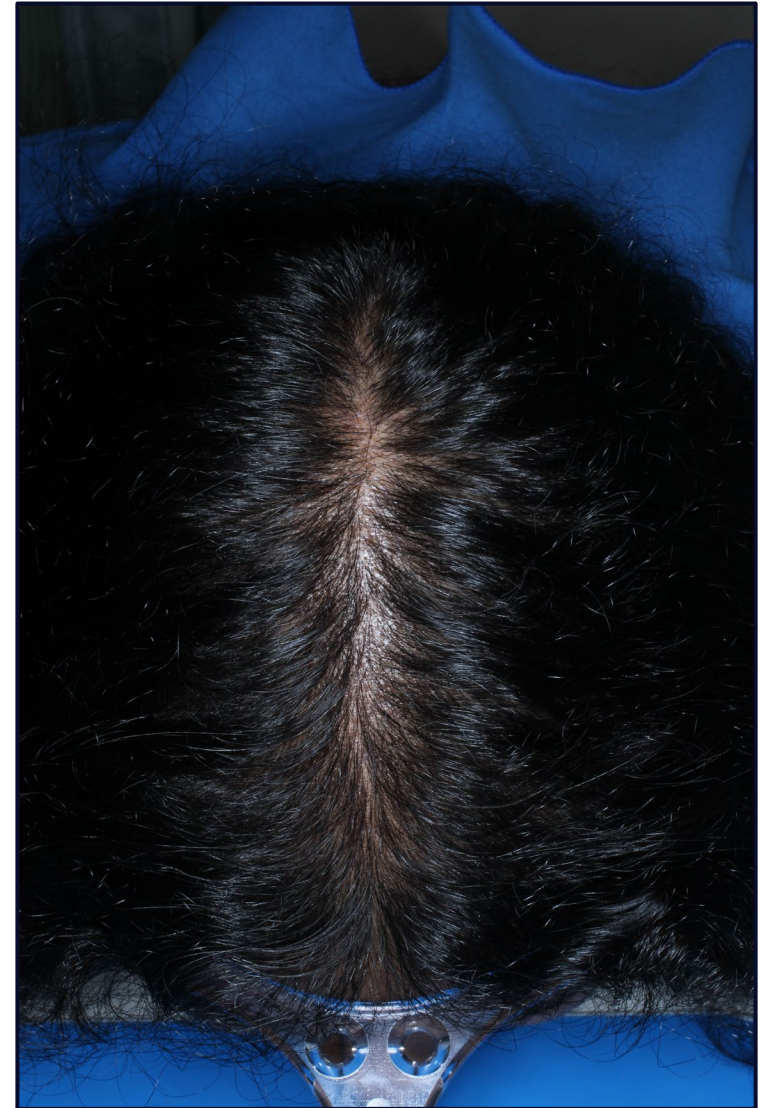


Study '207' Before and After Photos:

Savin I-4 Responder



Baseline

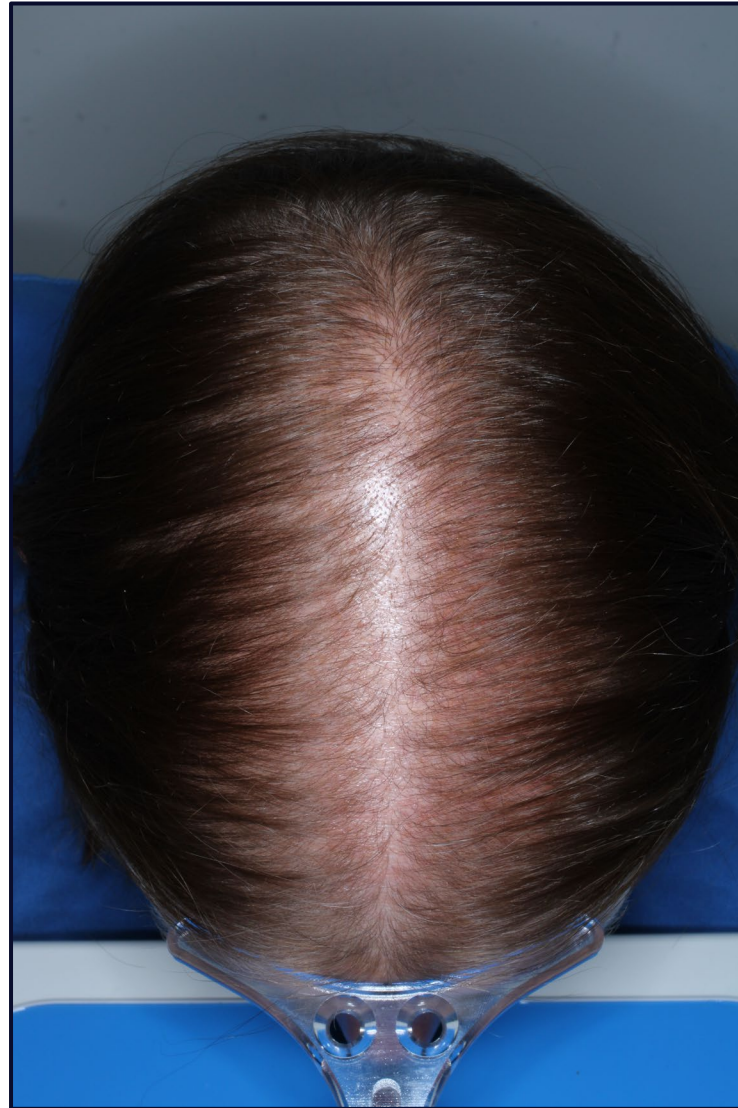


Month 6

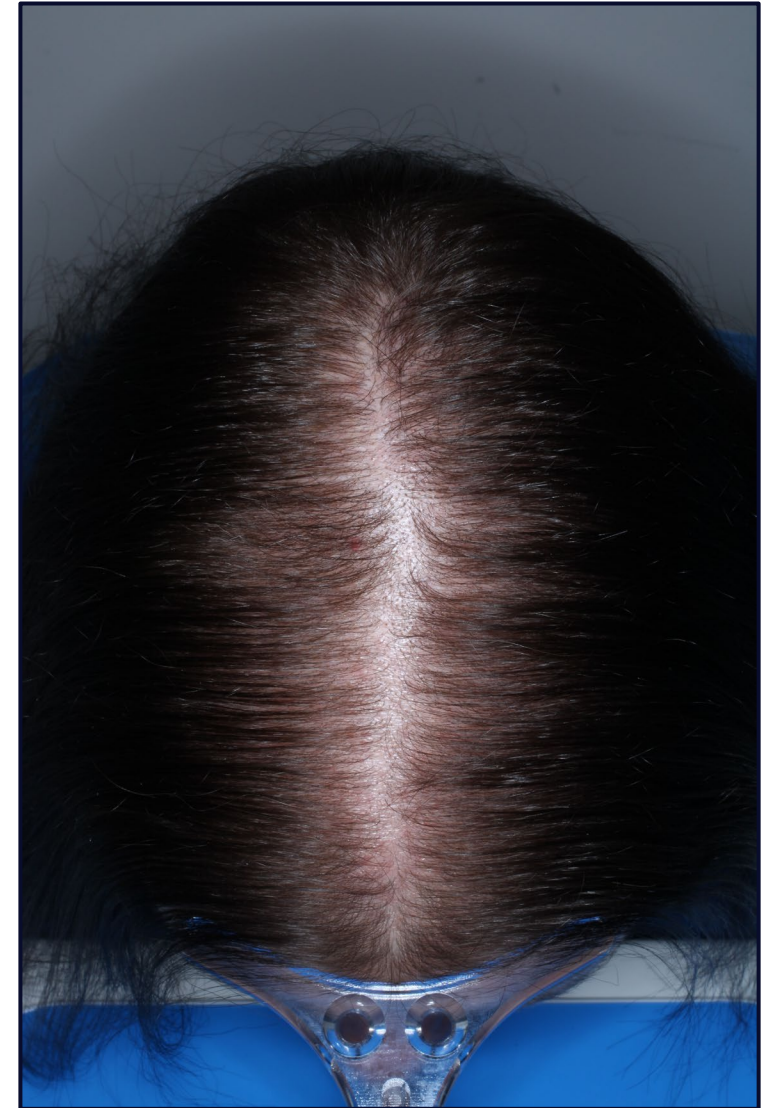
Images represent a responder defined by a response of 'Improved' or 'Much Improved' on the AAIRS Patient Reported Outcome, assessed to have Grade I-4 pattern hair loss on the Savin scale. Individual results may vary.

Study '207' Before and After Photos:

Savin II-1 Responder



Baseline



Month 6

Images represent a responder defined by a response of 'Improved' or 'Much Improved' on the AAIRS Patient Reported Outcome, assessed to have Grade II-1 pattern hair loss on the Savin scale. Individual results may vary.

Study '207' Before and After Photos:

Savin II-2 Responder



Baseline



Month 6

Images represent a responder defined by a response of 'Improved' or 'Much Improved' on the AAIRS Patient Reported Outcome, assessed to have Grade II-2 pattern hair loss on the Savin scale. Individual results may vary.

Eyebrow Assessments

Eyebrow hypotrichosis can have a significant impact on identity and self-esteem



Eyebrows are important to facial identity¹

Studies demonstrate eyebrows play a similar importance to facial recognition as eyes

Eyebrow thinning impacts self-esteem²

Patient surveys indicate significant impact on QOL and self-esteem¹

Eyebrow thinning is a sign of aging³

Reduction of eyebrow contrast is a sign of facial aging

Eyebrows can be assessed on a 4-pt clinical scale⁴

GEBA scale has previously been utilized in topical latanoprost studies

1. <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/12729380/>

2. <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s13555-023-00925-z>; <https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC5414776/>

3. <https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371%2Fjournal.pone.0057985>

4. <https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC5414776/>

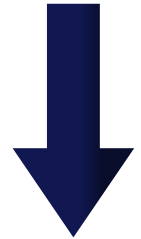
Study '207' Before and After Photos:

“Sparse” Eyebrow
Responder

Baseline



Month 6

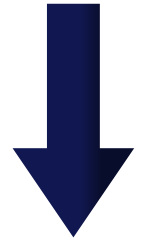


Images represent a responder defined by at least a one-point increase on the GEBA scale for eyebrow fullness, assessed to have “sparse” eyebrows at baseline. Individual results may vary.

Study '207' Before and After Photos:

"Sparse" Eyebrow
Responder

Baseline



Month 6



Images represent a responder defined by at least a one-point increase on the GEBA scale for eyebrow fullness, assessed to have "sparse" eyebrows at baseline. Individual results may vary.

Study '207': Female Safety and Tolerability

Study '207' demonstrated a well-tolerated safety profile

- Overall safety and tolerability similar to prior trials with VDPHL01 with no new safety signals identified
- No SAEs
- No adverse events of special interest (AESI) of cardiac origin
- No clinically significant changes in heart rate, blood pressure, or ECG observed
- Lack of observed shedding

Study ‘207’ adverse event overview

Adverse Event Overview <i>n</i> (%)	VDPHL01 4.5 mg <i>(Pooled QD + BID)</i>
Any Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (TEAE)	15 (53.6)
Any Treatment-Related TEAE	9 (32.1)
TEAEs Leading to Study Discontinuation	1 (3.6)*
Serious Adverse Events (SAE)	0
TEAE Severity	
Mild	9 (32.1)
Moderate	6 (21.4)
Severe	0
Most Common TEAE	
Peripheral Edema	2 (7.1)
Hypertrichosis	6 (21.4)

**Note: Once case of hypertrichosis in the BID treatment group led to study discontinuation*

VDPHL01 profile has the potential for differentiation across multiple key product characteristics



Fast



63.2% of female participants reported improvement in hair coverage as early as Month 2 (QD+BED)



Consistent



~90% of participants reported 'improved' or 'much improved' at Month 6 (QD+BED)



Intense



Average non-vellus hair count change of 22.7 / 23.3 hairs/cm² at Month 6 (QD/BED)



Generally Well-Tolerated



No SAEs; no AESIs of cardiac origin; generally consistent with prior VDPHL01 trials



Convenient Oral Administration



Favorable vs. topical alternatives¹

Potential for the first ever FDA-approved oral option for female PHL

¹Supported by third-party research

KOL Discussion



Jerry Shapiro
*NYU Langone Health**

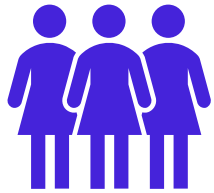


VDPHL01 Phase 2 FPHL Clinical Topline: FPHL Market Opportunity

Presented by: Mark Neumann, Chief Commercial and Strategy Officer

July 2026

Insights on FPHL market opportunity have been refined through engagement with 500+ Patients and HCPs



342

Female Patients



272

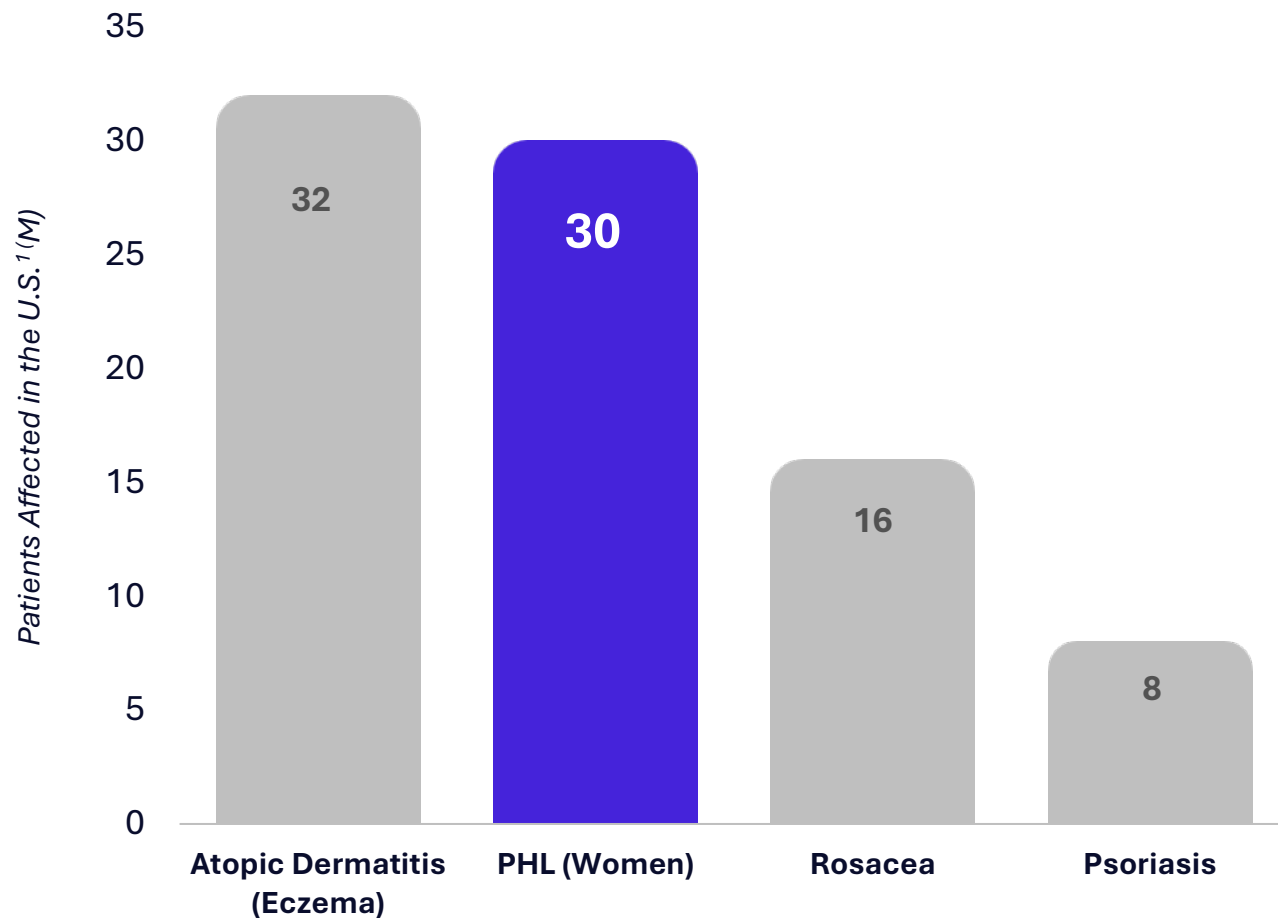
HCPs

Four market research studies, both qualitative and quantitative, conducted over last ~18 months provide a solid foundation on which to understand the opportunity for female PHL and the potential of VDPHL01 to address unmet needs¹⁻⁴

Sources:

1. VDPHL Quantitative Study (n = 142 female patients, 150 HCPs), December 2024
2. Commercial Opportunity Assessment (102 HCPs, 134 female patients), May 2026
3. Patient Qualitative Segmentation Study (n = 50 female patients), May-June 2026
4. Female Qualitative Patient Journey Study (n = 10 female patients, n = 10 HCPs), June 2026

FPHL impacts ~ 30 million¹ women in the US and is poorly served by existing treatment options



No FDA-approved oral treatment options for FPHL

*FPHL patients are left to treat their hair loss with the **existing assortment of off-label, unproven, or difficult to use treatment options**²*

FPHL has a negative emotional effect that profoundly impacts patient quality of life

How Women Feel About PHL¹



Women report that PHL has a **high degree of negative daily impact** on their lives²

Two-thirds of women reported that **PHL is challenging** to manage¹

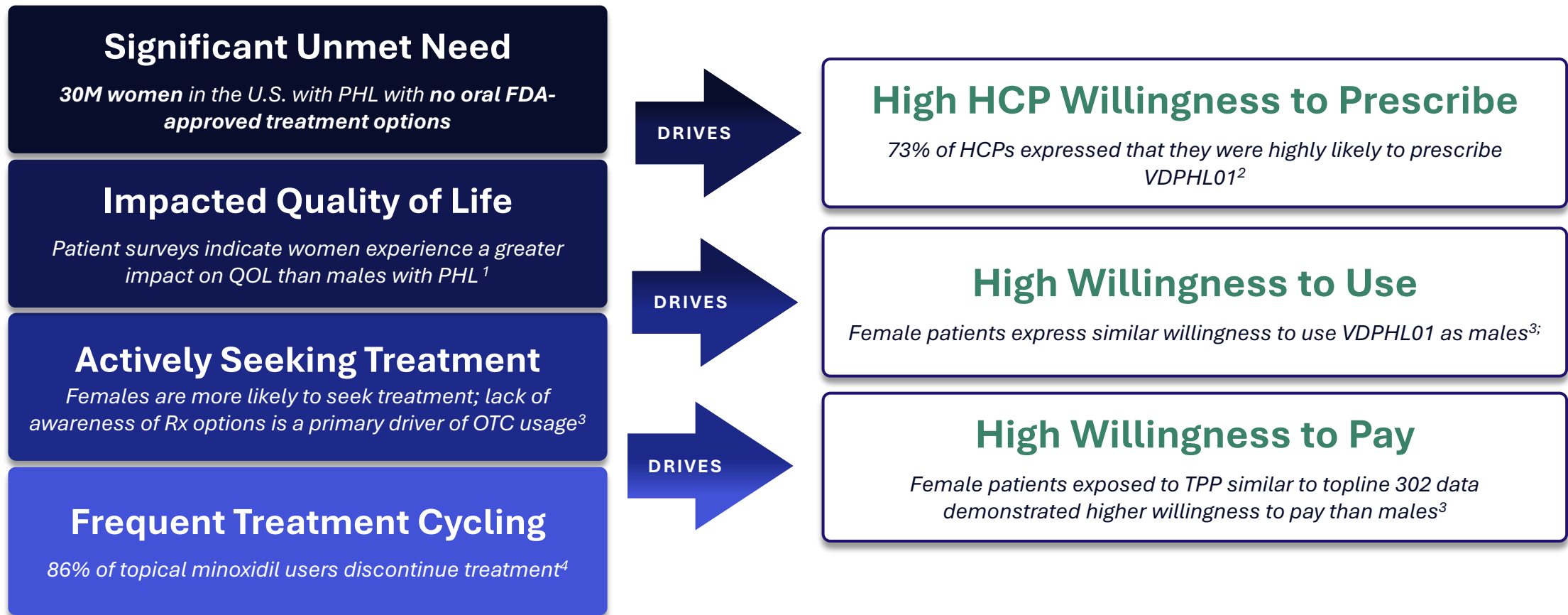
Women often feel devastated, sad, and anxious; many **“cope rather than recover”**²

Women said that **hair was the single most important aesthetic category** compared to things such as weight, skin, and teeth¹

¹Patient Qualitative Segmentation Study (n = 50 female patients), May-June 2026

²Female Qualitative Patient Journey Study (n = 10 female patients, n = 10 HCPs), June 2026

FPHL patients are highly motivated and active treatment seekers with a high willingness to pay



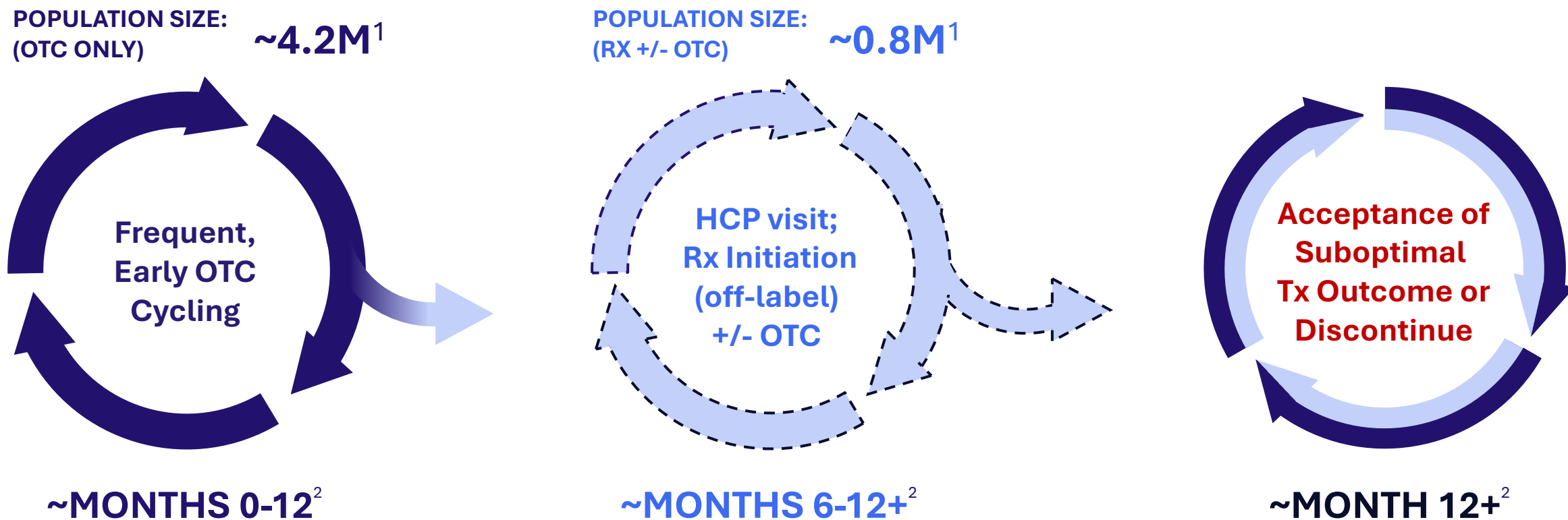
¹Hwang HW, Ryou S, Jeong JH, Lee JW, Lee KJ, Lee SB, Shin HT, Byun JW, Shin J, Choi GS. The Quality of Life and Psychosocial Impact on Female Pattern Hair Loss. Ann Dermatol. 2024 Feb;36(1):44-52. doi: 10.5021/ad.23.082. PMID: 38325433; PMCID: PMC10861302.

²HCP Survey (N=100); Patient Survey (N=400)

³ClearView Analysis 2026.

⁴<https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC10149432/#CR5> – Minoxidil compliance and satisfaction

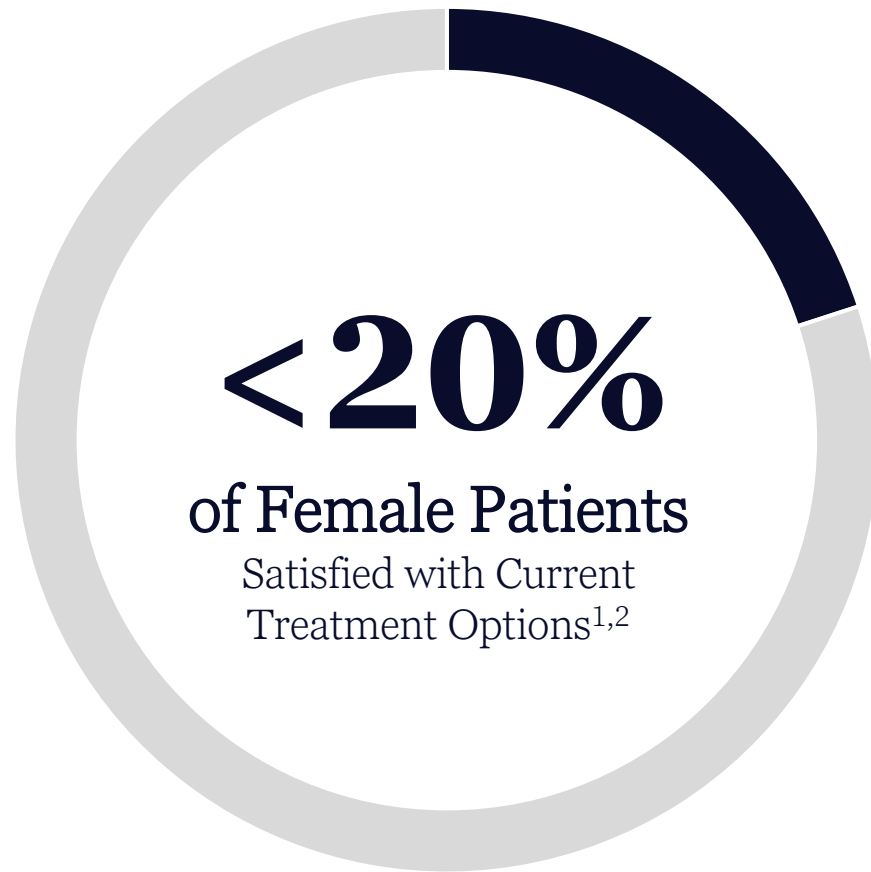
FPHL patient journey suggests multiple opportunities to intervene with a novel prescription treatment option



¹Commercial Opportunity Assessment (102 HCPs, 134 female patients), May 2026

²Patient Qualitative Segmentation Study (n = 50 female patients), May-June 2026

FPHL patient satisfaction is low due to the limitations of current treatment options



Key limitations of current treatments:

- No FDA-approved oral options
- Limited hair regrowth
- Slow onset of action
- Cumbersome topical application
- Side effects (Cardiac fears, shedding, leg swelling, hypertrichosis)

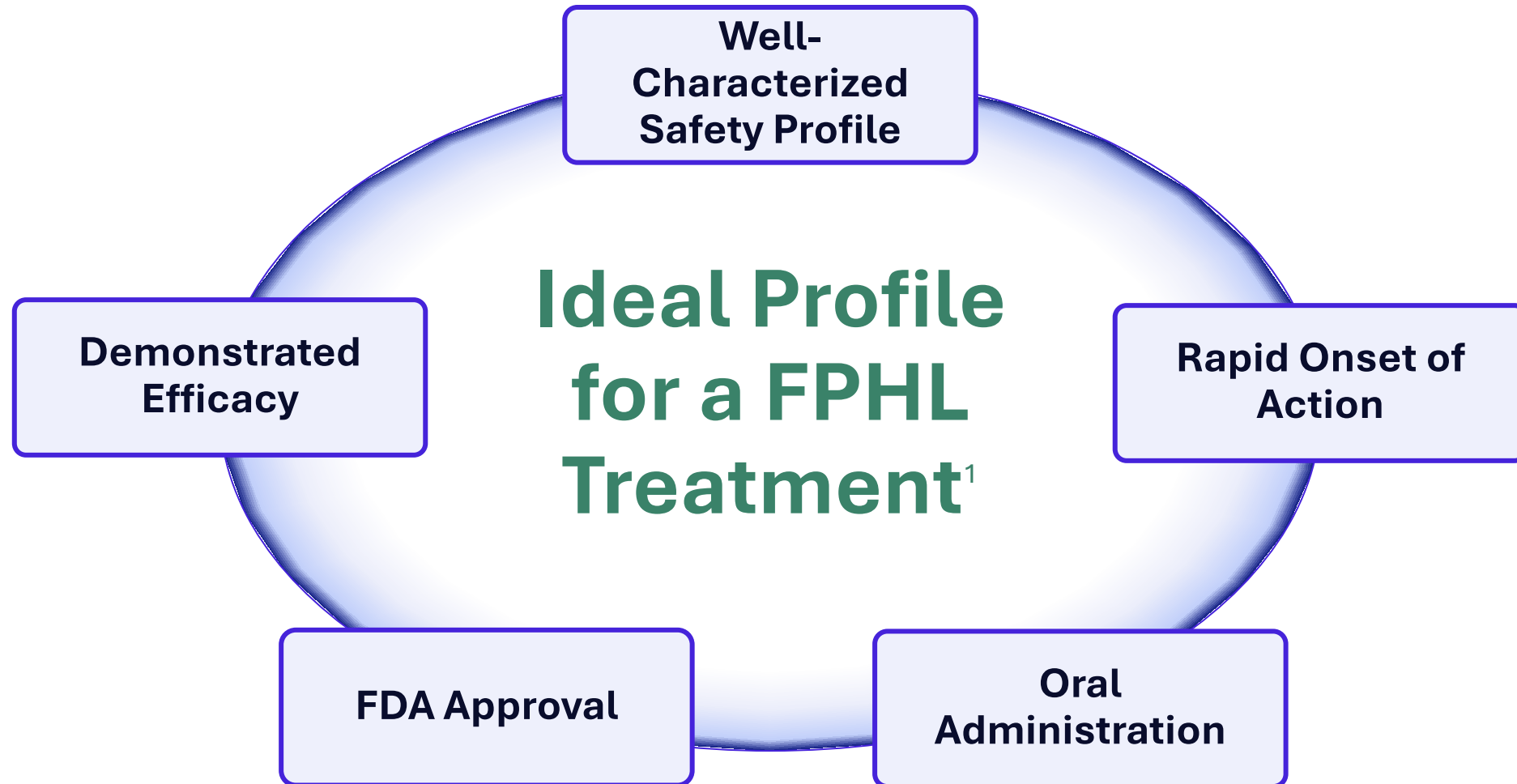
Patients are widely dissatisfied with generic IR oral minoxidil

- *63% of those who have used it are not satisfied with its effectiveness¹*

¹VDPHL Quantitative Study (n = 142 female patients, 150 HCPs), December 2024

²Commercial Opportunity Assessment (102 HCPs, 134 female patients), May 2026

Women are looking for an efficacious, safe, oral treatment to address their FPHL



¹Commercial Opportunity Assessment (102 HCPs, 134 female patients), May 2026

Emerging VDPHL01 clinical profile from Phase 2 trial in FPHL demonstrated strong potential to deliver the attributes women are seeking

Rapid onset of effect

- 63.2% of female participants reported improvement in hair coverage as early as Month 2

Robust increase in hair count

- Average non-vellus hair count change of 22.7 / 23.3 hairs/cm² at Month 6 (QD/BID)

Consistent response across participants

- ~90% of participants reported 'improved' or 'much improved' at Month 6 (QD+BID)

Well-characterized safety profile

- No SAEs, no AESI of cardiac origin, favorable tolerability profile

Convenient oral administration

- Oral therapy avoids complications of topical treatments

Closing Remarks

Study '207' results build conviction in VDPHL01 opportunity in FPHL ahead of registration-directed readout

Study '207' signals potential for VDPHL01 as a first FDA-approved treatment for female PHL

*Proof of concept data **increases conviction in upcoming Study '306'** Ph. 2/3 registration-directed female PHL readout and positions VDPHL01 to become the **first and only FDA approved oral treatment for female PHL**, if approved*

The female PHL market is large, underserved, and highly motivated

~30M women with limited treatment options for their hair loss

*Qualitative research highlights the **profound impact of FPHL on quality of life***

Female PHL patients show dissatisfaction with current treatment options

***High discontinuation rates and treatment cycling** indicate lack of a reliable patient journey to address FPHL, despite **well-established willingness to pay** across the aesthetics marketplace*

HCPs recognize need for better treatments to “change the conversation” around female PHL

*High-prevalence conditions with significant latent demand provide **precedent for significant expansion of Rx opportunity** with the introduction of a differentiated product*

Patient voices highlight the unique impact of female pattern hair loss



“The scalp being exposed is so embarrassing, and it’s hard for me to be happy. I hate how people look at me and think I’m a monster. I just want to be normal like everyone else.”¹



“It brings me shame. I feel embarrassment. It's just overwhelming”³



“I would walk over hot coals and lie on a bed of tarantulas to get my hair back. So if it means taking a prescription — absolutely, yes”³



“If I knew this worked, I would eat bologna sandwiches for a month... whatever it takes to pay for it.”²



“Your face and your hair are your identity. When I lose my hair, I feel like I'm losing my identity”³

¹VDPHL Quantitative Study (n = 142 female patients, 150 HCPs), December 2024

²Commercial Opportunity Assessment (102 HCPs, 134 female patients), May 2026

³Female Qualitative Patient Journey Study (n = 10 female patients, n = 10 HCPs), June 2026

Meaningful Study '207' results position VDPHL01 as a potential foundational treatment for PHL in females

Phase 2 proof of concept data support ongoing Phase 2/3 registrational clinical trial in women, the first ever

Results delivered **robust hair growth to patients** who have grown accustomed to limitations when seeking to treat pattern hair loss

Speed and consistency of effect further differentiate profile from current treatment options characterized by slow onset and varied outcomes

Upcoming Milestones

Veradermics anticipates:

- Male confirmatory Phase 3 data (Study '304') in the second half of 2026;
- Long-term extension male Ph. 2/3 data (Study '302 Part B) in the second half of 2026
- Female Phase 3 data (Study '306') in the first half of 2027



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